

The PENNSYLVANIA

G A Z E T T E.

Containing the Freshest Ad-

vices, Foreign and Domestic.



JOSEPH SAUNDERS,

In Chestnut-street, hath for sale,
A FEW dry GOODS, consisting of yard wide hair cloths, fit for house entries and milters use, English bed ticking, white and brown Russia drilling, fine white Russia sheeting, cotton checks and stripes, printed calicoes and cottons, among which are beautiful two red bed furniture, black paduasoy and mantuas of good colours, silk handkerchiefs, calimancoes, dorsetteens, fine long broad and clear lawns, long broad lawns, red and blue printed handkerchiefs, Leghorn hats, wool cards, brass candlesticks, japanned quart tin mugs, bar lead, English quills, and letter paper, &c.

Also a few hogheads and quarter casks of Madeira wine, Jamaica spirits, muscovado sugar in barrels, pepper, allspice, cloves and mace, French indigo, brazillette and logwood, allom, new chocolate, and old coffee, &c. &c.

Philadelphia, March 8, 1775.

Pursuant to the last will and testament of CHRISTIANA DAVIS, deceased, will be **SOLD** by public **VENDUE**, on Monday, the 20th instant, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at her late dwelling-house, in Fifth-street, between Market and Arch-streets,

ALL the household and kitchen furniture, consisting of feather beds, bedding and bedsteads, looking-glasses, chairs, tables, a desk, pewter, copper, china and delf wares, landcapes, some silver plate, gold rings, &c.

Likewise will be sold at the London Coffee-house, the same evening, one two story brick house with a kitchen, two wooden tenements, and a lot or piece of ground, situate on the west side of Fifth-street, between Market and Arch-streets, containing in front 45 feet, and in depth 78½ feet; also a groundrent of 45s. per annum, arising from a house and lot adjoining said brick tenement; the whole subject to a groundrent of 7l. 10s. per annum; late the estate of said Christiana Davis.

BENJAMIN LOXLEY, and GEORGE SMITH, Executors, N. B. The brick house is insured.

ISAAC GRAY,

In Chestnut-street, near Strawberry-alley, hath for **SALE**, Excellent Philadelphia bottled **BEER & CYDER**, Carefully put up for either foreign or domestic use;

Where may also be had,

OLD Madeira, Lisbon, Mountain and Teneriffe WINES, by the cask or otherwise; Claret, Red Port, and Sack Wine, in bottles; Old Jamaica Spirit, Brandy, Geneva, Coffee, Pepper, Chocolate, Loaf and Muscovado Sugars, Indigo, Spices, Corks, Allspice, Snuff, Double and Single Gloucester Cheese, English Beer, White Wine and Cyder Vinegar, by the barrel or gallon, &c. &c. --- **ALSO**

An Assortment of **GLASS WARE**, Made at **KENSINGTON**.

TO BE SOLD BY

WILLIAM MARTIN, UPHOLDER, next door to the City Vendue-store, in Front-street,

PART of his Stock and Household Furniture, consisting of 12 stuffed back and seat chairs, 3 sofas and 3 easy chairs in canvas, 6 mahogany Gothic back chairs covered with horse-hair and brass nailed, one French elbow ditto, two four feet dining tables, a handsome Pembroke ditto, 6 neat mahogany chair-frames, a pair of handsome andirons, some trimmings, &c. &c. He returns his unfeigned thanks to his numerous employers; and as he intends leaving this city, begs leave to recommend **CHARLES JEFFREYS**, who continues in the house, as a person fit and capable to succeed him in his business, which, if approved of, will lay a further obligation on Ladies and Gentlemen, your greatly obliged and humble servant,

WILLIAM MARTIN.

N. B. Said Martin requests those who stand indebted to him to pay, and those to whom he is indebted to send in their accounts.

JOSEPH BROWNING,

TAYLOR and HAT-MAKER, from **LONDON**, DESIRES to inform the Public, that he has taken the House late John Marie's, in Gray's Alley, near Second-street; those Ladies and Gentlemen who please to favour him with their Commands, may depend on having their Orders carefully and punctually executed, on the most reasonable Terms, and flatters himself his Abilities will be found not inferior to any of the Trade. He will likewise undertake the Cleaning of Clothes, &c.

|| 3 m.

Just published, and to be sold by

J. DOUGLASS M'DOUGALL,

In Chestnut-street, two doors below Second-street, **AN EARNEST ADDRESS** to such of the people called **QUAKERS**, as are sincerely desirous of supporting and maintaining the Christian Testimony of their Ancestors. --- Occasioned by a piece, intitled,

"The Testimony of the People called Quakers, given forth by a Meeting of the Representatives of said People, in Pennsylvania and New-Jersey, held at Philadelphia the 24th Day of the First Month, 1775."

Ezekiel viii. 15, 16. Isaiah ix. 16. Romans xvi. 17, 18.
The above Books may be had of Benjamin January, Bookseller, in Front-street, near the Drawbridge, Philadelphia, and opposite Mr. Redwood's store; of Dr. John Watson, in New-Castle; James Adams, Printer, and James Williamson, Bookseller, in Wilmington; Samuel Loudoun, Bookseller, William Green, in New-York; and of Francis Bailey, Printer, in Lancaster.

Lancaster county, March 4, 1775.

TO THE P U B L I C.

THE subscriber having provided himself with a careful and well qualified assistant, has opened a school in the neighbourhood of Chestnut Level, and proposes to teach the **Latin and Greek languages** in as expeditious a manner as is consistent with the greatest accuracy. A due care shall also be taken, that the youth pronounce our own language with grace and propriety. And such regard shall be had to arithmetic and geography, as their other studies will admit. The situation is remarkably healthy, amidst a sober industrious people. Boarding can be had at the rate of Ten Pounds per annum, and the tuition at the usual rate. Parents or others, who may send children here, may rest assured that a strict attention shall be paid to their morals, and every thing done that may merit the approbation and encouragement of the public.

JAMES LATTA.

To be **SOLD** peremptorily, at public vendue, on Saturday, the 25th instant March, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premises, if not disposed of before at private sale,

SEVERAL LOTS of GROUND, situated on and near the river Schuylkill, in the city of Philadelphia, viz.

One lot, containing in front, on the west side of Second-street, Schuylkill, between Arch and Race-streets, 148 feet, and extending in depth 198 feet.

One other lot, containing in front, on the east side of Schuylkill, Front-street, 224 feet, and extending in depth 198 feet; --- this lot adjoins the above to the westward.

One other lot, containing in front, on the west side of the said Front-street, 108 feet, and extending in depth 264 feet, to a street 50 feet wide, called Asheton-street.

One other lot, containing in front, on the east side of the said Asheton-street, 144 feet, and extending in depth 132 feet, adjoining part of the last described lot to the southward.

One other lot, containing in front, on the west side of the said Asheton-street, 72 feet, and extends to the Low Water Mark in Schuylkill, about 400 feet; --- an excellent place for a landing.

The three last described lots lay between Race and Vine-streets. The whole are beautifully situated, commanding an extensive and very agreeable prospect of the river Schuylkill.

Any person inclining to purchase the whole, or either of the above lots, before the day appointed for the public sale, may treat with

THOMAS ASHETON, or FRANCIS JEVES.

TO BE RENTED,

THE noted well accustomed **MERCHANT-MILL** on Little Brandywine, in West-Nantmill township, Chester county; is in good order for merchant and country work, having two pair of stones, there is plenty of water the greatest part of the year, is in the midst of a fine wheat country, and within one mile and an half of Conestogoe road, where waggons are going down with wheat almost daily; has plenty of country grists, and is situated in an extraordinary good part for that custom; there is a stone house, 40 feet in front, and conveniently finished off, also a barn, stables, and two good orchards; there is about 15 or 16 acres of meadow cleared, and upwards of 20 acres of fall grain may be put in the ground; all to be let with the mill. For further particulars, enquire of the subscriber, living at said mill.

MORDECAI PEIRSON.

Philadelphia, March 7, 1775.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of **STEPHEN CARMICK**, deceased, by bond, note, or book-debt, are once more requested speedily to discharge their respective balances, otherwise the Executors will be put to the disagreeable necessity of employing an attorney, which they hope will be avoided, by a proper attention to this advertisement. **JOSEPH SWIFT, ANNA CARMICK**, Execut.

N. B. The Executors have a two wheel **CHAISE**, with a fall down top, and a light **CART**, to dispose of.

TO BE SOLD,

A FEW SETTS of IRELAND'S HISTORY of **IRELAND**, neatly bound and lettered, printed under his own Direction. Also an Assortment of the best Irish Horse-Whips. Enquire at the War of the Indian-King. || 5 w.

Cape-May, February 28, 1775.

RUN away from the subscriber, the 8th instant, an apprentice, named **Benajah Hewitt**, about nineteen years of age, Cape-May born, bred to plantation business, can write and cypher; took with him a brown homespun coat, lined with brown joans spinit, a yellow thick set ditto, with cuff sleeves, and white worsted lining, three striped under jackets, one kersey jacket, two pair of kersey trowsers, leather breeches, a castor hat and felt ditto, a pair of square silver knee buckles, with silver anchors and tongues, &c. It is likely he went to --- Arents, in Cohansky, who married his sister, and we hear he said he intended to go to Philadelphia to meet one Farrier, a Pilot, who had promised him assistance; if he does he will probably call at John McCormick's, and company with the pilots and oyster-men. All masters of vessels, shallop-men and others, are desired not to aid him in his escape. Whoever apprehends the said **Benajah Hewitt**, and delivers him to me at Cape-May, shall have **THREE POUNDS** reward, or **THIRTY SHILLINGS** for securing him in any prison, and giving me notice, so that I have him again, to be paid by

AARON LEAMING.

EIGHT POUNDS Reward.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the subscribers, living in Salem county, West New-Jersey, a mouse coloured **HORSE**, with a blaze down his face, and three white feet, between 14 and 15 hands high; and a **MARE**, of a darkish brown, with some white hairs about her rump and the root of her tail, a little hollow backed, about 14 hands high. Whoever secures the thief in any of his Majesty's goals, so as he may be brought to justice, shall have Five Pounds reward for the thief only, and for securing the horse and mare, and sending word to the subscribers, that they may have them again, shall have Four Dollars reward for each, and reasonable charges if brought home, paid by

DAVID ADAMS, and JAMES STRETCH.

WHEREAS PAUL HENDRICKS, senior, of the township of Towamensing, in the county of Philadelphia, who died the latter end of February last past, hath left in his last will and testament a legacy to his eldest son **WILLIAM HENDRICKS**, who left him about 18 years ago, and hath not heard of him since; if therefore the said **William Hendricks** is yet alive, and hears of this advertisement, and will apply to the subscribers hereof, within one whole year from the decease of the said **Paul Hendricks**, shall be entitled to and receive his legacy, otherwise he will be excluded thereof, agreeable to the said will. **JOHN HENDRICKS, and PAUL HENDRICKS**, Executors.

March 10, 1775.

Concord Township, Chester County, March 12, 1775.

WHEREAS, in the night of the 11th instant, the subscriber's shop was broke open, and the following articles were stolen, viz. a new saddle, with a bogskin seat, green saddle-cloth, with a yellow binding, and a double rein curb bridle, of black leather, the front whereof is also black leather, cut in diamonds, lined with white calf-skin, and stitched with white thread, no throat-strap. Whoever takes up and secures the thief, in any goal in this province, so that he be brought to justice, and the owner get his goods again, shall have a reward of Three Pounds, or Fifteen Shillings for the goods only, paid by

JOHN PALMER.

FORTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

STOLEN, a Silver **WATCH**, belonging to **MICHAEL SKETTS**, the Maker's Name **William Moore, London, No. 20709**. Whoever will bring it to **JOHN WOOD**, Watch-maker, in Front-street, at the Corner of Chestnut-street, shall receive the above Reward.

DOCTOR LUDWIG,

Lately arrived from **GERMANY**,

BEGS Leave to inform the Public, That, having studied Physic and Surgery, in all the branches thereof, at the most renowned Universities in Germany, and practised the same in the best Hospitals and Infirmeries, as well as in the Army, he undertakes (with the blessing of God) to cure most internal and external diseases and ailments, viz. malignant, intermittent and nervous fevers, the fever and ague, diseases of the breast and lungs, pleurisy and jaundice, all sorts of diseases in women and children; the rheumatism and rheumatic pains, hemorrhoidal cafes, tooth-ach and ailments of the teeth; disorders of the eyes; sore throats, and any disorders of the throat; venereal diseases, and some maladies that are generally deemed incurable, as the apoplexy, palsy, dropsy, cancerous ulcers, if the patient is not too far gone; all wounds, broken or dislocated limbs, and many other accidents. He likewise inoculates for the small-pox; and has for sale an excellent medicine, as well for curing the distemper as to prepare those who are averse to inoculation, to have them easy. He will make it his study to furnish all those with good medicines, that will favour him with their custom. He lives at Mrs. Lehman's, relict of Mr. Christian Lehman, late Notary Public of this city, deceased, next door to the north-west corner of Race and Third-streets.

WHEREAS the partnership of **ROBERT and HENRY MAGILL**, of Warwick township, in Bucks county, has been expired some time, all persons indebted to them, either by bond, note or book debt, are desired to come and pay off their respective debts, without further notice, before the 28th of this instant March, to enable them to settle their accounts.

On the aforesaid day will be sold by public vendue, a Plantation, containing about 100 acres of good land, 60 acres cleared, 6 whereof is meadow, the rest good woodland, and well timbered; on the premises are a good stone house, log kitchen, barn and stable, a young bearing orchard, and a well of water at the door, the whole in good repair; the situation is pleasant and public, being the corner of two great roads, one leading from Philadelphia to Easton, the other from Coryell's Ferry to the Sweden Ford, and is very suitable for either shop-keeper or tradesman, as there has been a store kept there for many years. It may be sold together or in three separate lots, on one of which is a log house and blacksmith's shop; the title indisputable. At the same time will be sold an assortment of **SHOP GOODS**, also horses, cows, &c. a wagon, gears and other implements of husbandry, with a variety of household goods, too tedious to insert. The conditions of sale will be made known on said day, and attendance given by

ROBERT and HENRY MAGILL.

N. B. The vendue to begin at ten o'clock in the forenoon, and continue till all is sold.

To be **SOLD** at public **VENDUE**, by the

Subscriber, upon Thursday, the 30th day of March instant, and may be entered upon the first day of April next.

THE house and lot of land where he formerly lived, in the township of Upper-Dublin, in the county of Philadelphia; with one other messuage and lot of land adjoining thereto; and also one other lot of meadow ground, near unto the said two lots, and containing in the whole near 20 acres. There are on the first abovementioned lot, a new stone dwelling-house, completely finished, two stories high, with a cellar under the whole; also an additional stone building, of one story high, comprehending a kitchen, and stove-room, making in the whole 65 feet front; a stone stable, of 30 feet in length and a story and an half in height; also a frame shed, of 32 feet in length, and a large paved garden; also a well of good water, which never fails in the driest seasons, conveniently situated, and a pump therein, and other conveniences and necessary buildings and improvements, suitable for a tavern or store, and hath been occupied, and well accustomed as a tavern, divers years past, and is now in the tenure of Edward Wells, and known by the Sign of William Pitt. And on the second abovementioned lot, there is erected a stone messuage, of 26 feet front, and one story high, with a cellar under the whole, and having also a well of good water, and an orchard of upwards of 100 bearing apple-trees, divers of which are grafted fruit, of the best kind: The said three lots will be sold together. In respect of situation and pleasantness nothing need be said by way of recommendation, the situation alone being sufficient; it being on a commanding eminence, and at the intersection of two very public roads, viz. the one leading from Philadelphia through Germantown to Bethlehem, Easton, and parts adjacent, and only 16 miles from the former place; and the other, after in sundry branches, passing over divers ferries on Delaware river, and uniting near the premises, thence extendeth to the Sweden Ford, on Schuylkill, and from thence to Lancaster, &c. The sale to begin at 12 o'clock on the said day, on the premises, where attendance will be given, and the terms made known, by

ARCHIBALD M'CLEAN, Surveyor.

N. B. If the said houses and lots are not sold on the day aforesaid, they are to be again leased, and may be entered upon the first day of April next.

TO BE SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER,

Living in Little-Britain township, Lancaster county, **A VALUABLE** plantation or tract of patent land, containing 202 acres, with the usual allowance, about one half of said land is cleared, the remainder good thriving timber, there is about 15 acres of meadow made and mostly well watered, and as much more may be made; also a good log dwelling-house and barn, and a good stone spring-house, over a good spring; also a young bearing orchard; the whole in pretty good repair, well watered, and pleasantly situated. Any person inclining to purchase, may know the terms of sale, by applying to the subscriber, living on the premises. **THOMAS PLUMMER.**

NOTICE is hereby given that all those who are indebted to the estate of **PHILIP SCULL**, late of Great Egg-Market, in the county of Gloucester, deceased, are desired to pay with out further notice; and all persons having any demands against the said estate, are desired to bring in their accounts, properly proved, by the first of May next, that they may be settled and paid, by

March 6, 1775. **RICHARD SOMERS**, Executor.

[For more new ADVERTISEMENTS, see the Fourth Page.]

By the JANUARY PACKET, arrived at New-York from Falmouth, we have the following Intelligence, viz.

W A R S A W, December 7.

LETTERS from Cracow mention, that a large body of Prussian troops, with artillery, are in the environs of that place. Those from Lemberg mention, that a great number of the inhabitants of the provinces ceded to the Court of Vienna have left their habitations, not being able to bear the new taxes laid upon them.

Hamburg, Dec. 16. A private letter from Munich mentions, that a Courier from Rome brought an account, that Cardinal Anthony Eugenius Visconti, formerly Nuncio at the Court of Vienna, is elected Pope, and that he proposed keeping the name of Eugenius.

Peterburgh, Dec. 2. The provinces where the rebellion reigned are so laid waste and ruined, that a general famine prevails; in consequence of which, the Government has found it necessary to send corn and flour from their magazines at Moscow and other places to those parts; but as these supplies cannot last long, they are contracting with some Merchants to furnish the Inhabitants of Nischny, Novogorod, Casan, Orenburg, and other parts, with corn and flour; and to facilitate their so doing, it is imagined the exportation of corn will be forbidden both here and at Archangel.

Hague, Dec. 23. Orders are given to fit out six more frigates as soon as possible, to cruise in the Mediterranean; and it is assured, that this Republic will make it a common cause with Spain, to chastise the insolence of the King of Morocco.

They write from Cadiz, that four regiments of Spanish troops are expected there to embark on board some men of war going to Africa, in order to attempt something against the Moors, who it is said have blockaded up Ceuta with 50,000 men.

From the Danube, Dec. 14. Some important news is expected to be made public soon, as there are actually some very interesting affairs on the carpet in many Courts, and the tranquility of Germany seems to be in some danger.

Paris, Dec. 23. The Archbishop of Paris having received orders to be at Versailles on Sunday, regarding the refusal of the Sacrament at St. Severin, his Majesty spoke to him in the following terms, in presence of the first President of the Parliament of Paris: "The King, my grandfather, exiled you several times for the troubles you occasioned in the State; I sent for you to tell you, that if you relapse, I shall not exile you, but give you over to the rigour of the law."

L O N D O N.

Dec. 27. The greatest secrecy and silence is ordered to be kept on the affairs of America; and it is reported that some very disagreeable advices have within these few days been received from Boston, which have been managed with so much privacy, that few or none of the contents have transpired, even to the people in office.

Dec. 29. A Correspondent says, "The host of pitiful Scribblers who are retained in constant pay, for the purpose of misrepresenting and slandering the Americans, by confounding their most meritorious exertions in behalf of their constitutional rights, with the unjustifiable heats which their oppressions, and the repeated provocations they have received, have unhappily hurried them into, call loudly for the united detestation of every man who prefers the real prosperity of the Britannic empire to the interest of party, or views of the faction."

Dec. 31. The report of the King of Spain's resigning the crown in favour of the Prince of Asturias, the heir apparent, is not so very improbable as people may imagine; as his father acted precisely in the same manner, by calling his eldest brother to govern, and on his decease resumed again the exercise of the kingly office.

Some differences respecting matters of trade, have lately happened between the Dutch and the Portuguese, two of the latter of whose ships attempting to search a vessel belonging to the subjects of the States General, a running fight ensued, in which both the Dutch and Portuguese had several men killed and wounded.

Private letters from Gibraltar mention, that the French Consul at Algiers has been massacred.

Extract of a Letter from Amsterdam, December 23.

"It is fact, that the Emperor is now very serious about erecting an East India Company at Ostend. Subscriptions are raising in almost every commercial town in Europe for that purpose, and several men of war are purchased from the Court of France for the use of that Company. This attempt of the Emperor portends a war between the maritime powers, and that France and Spain are willing to try once more to reduce the power of Great Britain and Holland; for, as long as the latter are in their present situation, they will never admit any foreign power or nation to trade to the East-Indies."

Extract of a Letter from Regensburg, Dec. 14.

"The disputes which within these twelve months have taken place between the Courts of Vienna and London are far from being settled. The rescript which the Hanoverian Minister laid before an assembly of Ministers Plenipotentiary here, on the 8th of October last (which now appears in public prints) is very spirited, and deserves to be noticed. The contents are as follow: It is already known what passed between the Imperial Ambassador and the Ministry at London; the Court of Vienna has since that time been challenged several times to deliver a declaration in writing, but the refusal shews sufficiently that they are in want of sufficient grounds to it. It is hoped that the Members of the Germanic empire took notice, and are convinced that the conduct of that Court is very unfriendly; and, on the contrary, will put great confidence in the patriotic principles of his Britannic Majesty, who is willing to convince every one of it. Should the Court of Vienna continue to be of a different opinion, his Britannic Majesty will then be obliged to take measures accordingly. He never will cede from his liberty of voting, nor give over the least of his rights, and nothing will be able to carry him off from the least thing concerning the interest of the empire, and of his own, or concerning his dignity."

Whispers at the west end of the town suggest, that there are very great divisions in the Councils convened to determine upon what measures are best to be taken with the Americans; and every day plunges the Premier into fresh difficulties.

Jan. 5. It is said that, in the course of the present Sessions of Parliament, a petition will be presented by a body of Scotch Merchants, for excluding the Dutch and other foreigners from fishing on the coasts of Orkney or Shetland, or subjecting them to pay duty for each vessel employed in the said fisheries.

Some papers belonging to Madam Barre have been lately discovered in an apartment at the Palace at Versailles, which will certainly be the cause of her imprisonment for life. It is rather unfortunate that a discovery of this kind should be made at a time when means were contriving for her enlargement.

One house in the city has suffered upwards of 22,000l.

loss in its trade since the resolutions concerning the non-importation of goods took place in America; and we hear some others have suffered to a considerable amount.

Jan. 7. Lord Grantham is expected from Madrid shortly, and it is confidently reported, that no Ambassador will be appointed to succeed him till one be first sent to the British court.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, December 30.

"They write from Lubec, that the inhabitants are greatly alarmed, on account of the King of Denmark's troops having taken possession of the villages called the Holstenois, part of which belong to that town, and the rest to the chapter, under pretence that these villages were formerly part of the domains of the Dukes of Holstein; and his Danish Majesty being now Sovereign of that Duchy, they of course belong to him. His Danish Majesty likewise claims a right to raise recruits in these villages, which the Magistrates and the Chapter strenuously oppose, and have accordingly sent expresses to Vienna to petition the Emperor for redress."

On Wednesday night a Messenger was sent from Lord Dartmouth's office, with dispatches for Lord William Campbell, Governor of South-Carolina, to be forwarded by a packet boat, detained at Falmouth for that purpose.

By a private letter from Leeds, read on Wednesday last at the King's Arms Tavern, Cornhill, it appears, that in consequence of the non-importation article entered into by the Americans, the manufacturers in that town, from a state of ease and convenience, are reduced to the greatest want, misery and distress; and that two years revenue of the corporation would be insufficient to repair the losses they have already sustained.—And the writer concludes, that if some of the great men in power could but be eye-witnesses of this scene, it could not fail of rousing them to some speedy means of redress."

On Saturday last died at his house in Upper Brook-street, Grosvenor-square, the Hon. Sir George Thomas, Bart. He was many years Governor of Antigua, and afterwards Governor General of the Leeward Islands, when on his retiring from his government, his Majesty, in reward for his services, called him to the degree of Baronetage. He is succeeded in title and estate by his son, now Sir William Thomas, of Titchfield-street.

Jan. 10. Last week her Majesty received a very handsome present of fable skins from the Empress of Russia, which are said to be the grandest ever seen in England.

Extract of a Letter from Constantinople, dated Nov. 17.

"Since the Russians have discharged the Albanians, the navigation among the Archipelagos becomes daily more and more dangerous; and those seas now swarm with pirates, who attack all the vessels they meet. The corsairs who are most to be feared are commanded by Manoli and Doli Constantine, both Dulcignotes: They have already taken three French ships, and massacred all the crews. Another vessel, in endeavouring to avoid these villains, was wrecked on the coast of Caramania, where the inhabitants killed all but two of the men."

"The Court of France is resolved to reinforce the squadron which it maintains in those seas for the protection of its trade with two frigates; and the Captains of all the King's ships have orders to put all the pirates whom they take to the sword. The Chevalier de Vintimille, who commands the Corvette la Sardine, has executed this order on one pirate which he took off Skiros, and caused all the crew, consisting of 60 men, to be drowned. The Porte has resolved to assist France in extirpating these pirates, and to send out two Chebecs against them."

Jan. 12. By the last accounts from the Mediterranean we hear, that the trade carried on there is greatly interrupted by the swarms of Barbary corsairs which infest the coasts of Spain and Italy.

The Charming Nancy, Davenport, from Boston, is arrived at Spithead, with an express, in 24 days passage.

It is said to be a fact, that the measures which are now observed towards the Americans will be maintained by the Ministry against all opposition.

The Adventure, Leybourne, from Maryland, after being arrived at Liverpool, was in a violent gale of wind driven from her anchors and cast on shore. It is hoped, that if the weather proves moderate, both ship and cargo will be saved.

Paul Whitehead's bequest of his heart to Lord Despen- cer (who was his patron, and under whom he enjoyed a place in the wardrobe of 300l. per annum) brings to remembrance something as whimsically similar in the will of King James II. who left his body to the English, his bowels to the Irish, and his heart to the Scotch.

A letter from Paris says, that the Marquis de Noailles is appointed Ambassador to England.

Jan. 14. Some fresh instructions have been lately sent to the Governors of Gibraltar and Minorca, and the fleet on the Mediterranean station will be reinforced with several ships early in the spring.

The following occurrence is said to be authentic—A few weeks before Christmas a Merchant near Broad-street went out of town with his family, intending to stay in the country two months, and for that reason sent all his plate to the Bank, leaving only one maid servant in the house. When the family had been gone a month, the girl received a letter to get the plate from the Bank, and the house ready by a day appointed; the letter was carried to the Bank, and the Clerks delivered the plate; the evening specified in the letter came, and nobody came to town, when the servant, alarmed to lie in the house (with such a charge) alone, went to her master's butcher, and begged him to let one of the men also lie in the house with her, which he complied with, and also sent a large dog, which they let loose in the lower part. About two in the morning they were alarmed by the watch with thieves breaking in, but when they came down stairs how great was their surprize, to see the Merchant's own brother dead in the kitchen, torn to pieces by the dog.

It is said that the late Lord Middleton has left not less than 400,000l. in cash, and an estate of 20,000l. a year.

Extract of an authentic Letter from Carthage, Dec. 15.

"By letters from Melille, of the 9th instant, we learn, that the King of Morocco appeared in person at the head of his army before that place on the 8th in the morning; that he immediately occupied the eminencies, and the day following began to throw some bombs into the town, but at so great a distance as to be of no effect."

"We know not yet the quantity or the calibre of his artillery, of which we have not hitherto seen any but eight or ten pieces of cannon, of about 6 or 8 pounders; and if he has not any larger for making this siege, he will probably fail in his enterprise."

PHILADELPHIA, March 15.

IN ASSEMBLY, Thursday, March 9.

The Answer of the House to the Governor's Message being transcribed, according to order, was signed by the Speaker, and follows in these Words, viz.

May it please your Honour,

WE are sincerely obliged to your Honour for your Attention to the true Interests of the People over

whom you preside, at a Time when the Disputes between Great-Britain and the American Colonies are drawing towards an alarming Crisis; and we agree with you, "that in all Cases Wisdom dictates the Use of such Means as are most likely to attain the End proposed."

We have, with deep Concern, beheld a System of Colony Administration pursued since the Year 1763, destructive to the Rights and Liberties of his Majesty's most faithful Subjects in America, and have heretofore adopted such Measures as we thought were most likely to restore that Affection and Harmony between the Parent State and the Colonies, which it is the true Interest of both Countries to cultivate and maintain, and which we most sincerely wish to see restored.

We must inform your Honour, that a most humble, dutiful and affectionate Petition from the Delegates of all the Colonies from Nova Scotia to Georgia is now at the Foot of the Throne, and we trust in the Paternal Affection and Justice of our most gracious Sovereign, that he will interpose for the Relief of his greatly distressed and ever faithful Subjects in America.

We assure your Honour, that this House will always pursue such Measures, as shall appear to them necessary, for securing the Liberties of America, and establishing Peace, Confidence and Harmony between Great Britain and her Colonies.

Signed by Order of the House,

March 9, 1775. EDWARD BIDDLE, Speaker.

S I R,

London, December 24, 1774.

THIS is just to inform you, that having received the Petition of the General Congress to the King, we immediately communicated the same to Lord Dartmouth, Secretary of State for the American Department, as the regular official Method, and that by which only we could have Expectation of obtaining an Answer. His Lordship this Day informed us, that he had laid the same before the King, that His Majesty had been pleased to receive it very graciously, and to say it was of so great Importance, that He should, as soon as they met, lay it before His two Houses of Parliament. We can only add, that we are, with great Respect, Sir,

Your most obedient, and most humble Servants,

WILLIAM BOLLAN,

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN,

ARTHUR LEE.

To the Hon. Speaker of the Assembly of Pennsylvania.

Extract of a Letter from London, dated January 4.

"The Petition of the Congress has been presented to the King, and received with a better Grace than might have been expected. It was referred to the Consideration of Parliament, which meets the 19th Instant; and it is reported that the Ministry incline to make some Concessions, but their real Intentions are kept very close. A Meeting of the Merchants and others concerned in the American Trade was held this Day, when it was agreed to frame a Petition to be laid before the House, and a Committee of twenty-three Persons were appointed to that Service. It is to be confined to a Representation of commercial Grievances, and will avoid entering into the political Grounds of Contest, a Plan which indeed seems best suited to the Idea of a mercantile Assembly."

Extract of a Letter from New-York, March 11.

Last Evening the January Mail arrived in 7 weeks, and brings as much good News as we could expect by her—The King has received the Petition of the Congress, and is much pleased with it, thinks it polite and sensible, and intends to strike out a Plan to unite all his People with his own Hand.

A few HINTS to the PUBLIC.

THE value of all estates in this country must and will depend on the number of its inhabitants. The inhabitants can increase only in two ways, viz. by natural generation, and the influx of foreigners. Both these modes of increasing the inhabitants are to be encouraged by one plan of policy. Let the means of supporting families be rendered as various and as easy as possible, and the inhabitants will increase in proportion. That country which enjoys the most freedom, and supplies mankind with the means of subsistence on the easiest terms, will increase its inhabitants the fastest. Pennsylvania affords a striking instance of the truth of this assertion, but yet I think, with a little attention, it might be made more so.

If this city consisted of one half the inhabitants it now contains, property, both within its precincts and the country around, would decrease near an half in its value. On the other hand, if its inhabitants were double the present number, the value of property would be near one half greater than it is at present. The value of property in our back country will be nearly in proportion to the number of labouring people and farmers, which flow annually into the province from foreign parts; and though this will increase the value of property in every other part of the country, yet the value of property in our cities, towns and boroughs, and the parts which have been long settled and are contiguous to them, must principally arise from the number of mechanics, manufacturers and merchants, which they contain. The number of these must wholly proceed from the encouragement they meet with. All sorts of people who have hitherto come to settle in America, except manufacturers alone, have found their interest in it. Manufacturers have generally found it much to their disadvantage; such as ventured being either obliged to quit the country as soon as it was in their power, or to betake themselves to agriculture. This being the case with manufacturers, almost an entire stop has been put to their settling among us. Thus a very large source of population has been entirely dried up, which otherwise would by this time have appeared of the utmost importance. This, in my opinion, is a capital error in American policy, and can only be accounted for from the inattentiveness of the people at large to their own interest; or the influence of one body of men, who may think it their interest to discourage home manufactures. For as the value of property must grow with the number of inhabitants, every way opened for the increase of these, must of necessity enhance the value of property.

As the principal or only source of increase by the influx of foreigners which has been hitherto stopped, and from which the country has reaped little or no advantage, is to be attributed to the want of having manufactories established amongst us; and as it can never be opened to any advantage until they are established, is it not greatly the interest of the community at large, and particularly of those whose property lies principally in lands or houses in the city or country, to encourage the influx of foreigners as much as in their power; and as every sort, except manufacturers, have pretty good encouragement already, is it not a matter worth the public attention to open a way for the encouraging of them, by establishing manufactories amongst us? The influx of foreigners must greatly increase, if proper attention be paid to this matter. It is in my opinion an object worthy the public's and patriot's attention. It is in vain to expect that private persons will

risque their all in the establishing them. Any permanent encouragement of the kind, in the present state of the country, must therefore arise from the establishing of large societies or companies for the purpose, where every one may risk but little, and yet sufficient funds be provided for carrying them on. Many are the advantages arising from the establishing such societies or companies, and we have public spirited men in abundance. In our present state, manufactories established among us would immensely increase the value of all sorts of property, render the means of supporting life open and easy to all sorts of people, of all ages and capacities, lessen the number of our poor, reduce our taxes, make existence a comfort to many to whom it is a burden, and finally put us in a capacity to withstand every stretch of arbitrary power with more certainty of success. These hints were hastily put together, partly because the author knew his utmost abilities unequal to the task, if he meant to do the subject justice, and partly from an expectation that they might induce some one or other of leisure and capacity sufficient for the task, to lay the advantages which must necessarily arise from the encouragement of them in one full view before the public.

A FRIEND TO PENNSYLVANIA.

The subscribers towards a fund for establishing and carrying on an American Manufactory of linen, woollen, &c. are requested to meet at the Carpenters-Hall, on Fifth-day next, the 16th instant, precisely at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, to consider of a plan for carrying the same into execution; such persons as are inclined to encourage this important and very interesting undertaking, are requested to subscribe their names to the general proposals before that time, one of the subscription papers being left with William Bradford, at the London Coffee-house, for that purpose. Those who may not have an opportunity of subscribing before the day of meeting, will then have an opportunity of adding their names to the list of subscribers, by calling at the Hall, between the hours of one and the time of meeting abovementioned, where attendance will be given for that purpose.

On the 4th Inst. died at Hemphfield, in Lancaster County, JAMES WRIGHT, Esq; many Years a Representative for that County in General Assembly, which trust he discharged to the entire satisfaction of his Constituents. By his Removal the Poor have lost a Benefactor humane and benevolent, the Public a worthy and useful Member of Society.

Captain Kerlin, from Madeira informs, that the Schooner Welcome, Captain Paine, belonging to Boston, was to sail for Baltimore the 31st of January, and that the Sloop Baltimore, Captain Ramfoll, was to sail about the 6th of February.—On the 4th Instant, in Lat. 36: 30, he spoke a Brig, Captain Eastwood, from Virginia for Lisbon, two Days out, had carried away his Cross-jack Yard, otherwise all well.

Captain Stevens, from Lisbon, on the 5th instant, in lat. 33, long. 64, spoke a sloop, Captain Caston, from New-York for St. Croix, out 15 days, and had carried away his bowsprit in a gale of wind.

Arrived at Lisbon. The Captains Bruster, Story, Candel, Harr, Henderson, Osman, McCauslin, Downman, and Pitt, from Philadelphia; and Captain Harper, from Virginia.

On the 7th instant, as George Taylor, of Wilmington, in his own shallop, was on his passage from thence to this city, he was boarded by a party of ruffians from the King's armed schooner the Diana, commanded by Captain Greaves (Nephew to Admiral Greaves now at Boston) who brought Taylor to, and on boarding him demanded what he had on board, to which he answered only rum and limes, but civilly told them they might go down and look; they then demanded his papers, which were produced authentic, but this not satisfying them, they entered the cabin, wherein was several Hundred Pounds cash, which Taylor, no doubt, justly thinking proper to have his eye toward, went after them to the cabin door without going down; whereupon he was immediately menaced and insulted, as suspecting the honour of the King's men, and although he made no other than a moderate civil reply, as several passengers on board can testify, he was immediately furiously attacked and knocked down, where he was beaten in a most inhuman manner till the deck was besmeared with blood, and at the same time shamefully insulted with the infernal language common to such crews (and which but for offending the civilized ear might be repeated) they then threatened to throw him overboard and drown him, took the command of his boat, and after gratifying their malice by towing her about in the river, took her along side the schooner, where the illustrious Captain detained her a considerable time, insulting and abusing the skipper, and justifying and applauding the conduct of his heroic men, who had thus brought him a common shallop with two or three men on board, without the least appearance of clandestine conduct; after the gallant Captain with his crew had somewhat glutted their rancour, they dismissed the shallop; but Taylor was so wounded and abused, that he was not able to conduct her, yet, by the assistance of those on board, she was got up to this city, and he afterwards conveyed home to Wilmington, where he lay dangerously ill.

Query.—Whether such conduct as this does not merit the attention of the public, and an exertion of the power of those in authority?

* The public Examination of the Scholars in the Academy of Newark will begin on the Tuesday before Easter, being the Eleventh of next April, where the Trustees are requested to attend.

THE Inhabitants of this City are desired to take Notice, that the Appeal for the Street Paving Tax will be held at the Court-house on the 20th of this Instant March, to begin at 10 o'clock in the Morning and to continue all day. By Order of the Commissioners.

JOHN J. J. J.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, Philadelphia, Inward Entries. Ship Chalkley, E. Spain, from Bristol. Brig Speedwell, S. G. Frith, and Brig Chance, J. Craig, Grenades, Schooner James, D. Livingston, St. Eustatia. Brig Rachel, L. Simmons, Lisbon. Ship Nancy and Polly, W. Sutton, Cadiz. Ship Centurion, W. Kerlin, Madeira. Snow Salter, J. Reid, St. Kitts. Ship James and Mary Ann, W. Budden, Barbados. Brig Georgia Packet, G. Bunner, Georgia. Schooner Three Friends, S. Hinkley, and Schooner Betsey, E. Rogers, Salem, N. E. Schooner Polly, B. Crawford, N. Carolina. Brig Venus, P. Barry, S. Carolina. Schooner Phoenix, T. Coffin, Nantucket. Brig Nancy, J. Kent, from Dominica and St. Eustatia.

Outwards. Brig Rebecca, T. Lovell, for Madeira. Sloop Ranger, T. Bryan, Jamaica. Ship Charming Nancy, G. Corrie, Cowes. Ship America, G. Ord, Falmouth. Brig Bowther, J. Smith, Brig Barbados Packet, W. Hawkins, and Ship James and Mary Ann, W. Budden, Barbados. Schooner William, J. Gorham, Schooner Three Friends, S. Hinkley, and Schooner Betsey, E.

Rogers, Salem, N. E. Brig Georgia Packet, G. Bunner, Georgia. Brig Speedwell, S. G. Frith, Schooner Happy Return, T. Boyles, and Brig Chance, J. Craig, Grenades, Snow York, C. Lindsey, for Falmouth, G. B.

Cleared. Schooner Tryal, J. Warden, to St. Eustatia. Sloop Panny, W. Raddon, Grenades. Ship Peggy, D. Harrow, and Ship George, S. Martin, Lisbon. Brig Charlotte, P. Parker, and Sloop Ranger, T. Bryan, Jamaica. Schooner Bonaventure, J. Waterman, Nantucket. Brig Adrian, C. Clum, St. Croix. Brig Jenny, W. Workman, S. Carolina. Brig Georgia Packet, G. Bunner, Georgia. Sloop Hannah, J. Pinder, N. Carolina. Ship Mars, W. Newman, to London.

TO-MORROW, at Nine o'Clock,

At Footman and Jeyes's Vendue-store,

WILL begin the SALE of 100 pieces Irish linens; 50 pieces fine yard wide cotton checks; 200 pieces figured and plain ribbons; with a variety of other fresh goods. And at two o'clock precisely, will be sold, 12 quarter casks Lisbon wine; 600 weight of pepper; 20 barrels coffee; a parcel of iron pots; household furniture, &c. &c.

N. B. Superfine cloths, at 32s. per yard, are now selling at RICHARD FOOTMAN'S Store, in Third-street. ¶ 1 W.

TO BE SOLD,

On THURSDAY, the 13th day of April, at 12 o'clock, on the premises,

THAT noted and well accustomed TAVERN, in Germantown, known by the name of the Widow Mackenett's, or the Sadler's Arms; the house is large and well finished, it would be suitable for a Gentleman's country seat, or for any public business, as there is sufficient stabling for 40 horses; there is a good bearing orchard, of near 100 trees, of the best grafted fruit, on the premises; the lot contains 79 feet front, and 636 feet deep; where due attendance, and the conditions of payment will be made known, at the time and place of sale, by

SARAH HEITH.

Likewise, at same time and place, will be sold, one other lot, adjoining the abovementioned place, containing 40 acres, 25 of which is cleared, the remainder is well timbered, there are three never-failing streams of water running through the same; there are 5 acres of meadow, likewise an orchard of near 6 acres of all kinds of fruit, on the premises.

One other lot, lying in Greenham, Germantown township, within a quarter of a mile of the main road, containing 10 acres; the whole is woodland and well timbered, there may be some meadow made on this lot, as there is a constant stream of water running through the same; where due attendance will be given; and the conditions of payment made known, by ABRAHAM PASTORIUS, SAMUEL PASTORIUS, DANIEL PASTORIUS. ¶ 7 f 6.

TO BE SOLD,

A HOUSE, and sundry well improved LOTS, containing about six Acres of Land, in Frederick-town, Cecil County, Maryland, late the Property of Thomas Williams, deceased. It is now under Lease to Messrs. Hamilton and Leiper, which is near expired, at £30 per annum. The many advantages that may be derived from the Improvements, and Goodness of the Situation for a Store, are too well known to need any Description.

Also, a House in Philadelphia, late in the Possession of Mr. Mark Freeman, Merchant, near Walnut street, fronting on Front and Water-streets. For Terms, apply to THOMAS CHARLES WILLIAMS, and COMPANY, who will treat for, and give indisputable Titles to the same. ¶ 5 w.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RAN away on Tuesday morning, the 7th day of March instant, an Irish servant lad, named MICHAEL MCGOWAN, about 17 years of age, 5 feet high, with a round flat face, grey eyes, bushy hair tied behind, and curled at the sides; carried with him a suit of brown superfine clothes, with mohair buttons, a blue coating furrow with a crimson velvet cape, a pair of buckskin breeches, and 6 shirts. He is rather clumsy made for his height, and may be known to have been lately from Ireland by his manner of speaking; he is extremely artful and plausible, commonly smiles when he speaks, and it is thought will endeavour to forge a pass. Whoever apprehends him, and brings him to the subscribers, shall have the above reward, paid by

BARCLAY and MITCHELL.

N. B. It is imagined the above servant is skulking near this town, therefore any person discovered to harbour him will be prosecuted. All masters of vessels are forbid to carry him off.

City of Philadelphia, March 15, 1775.



Bushel Standard Measure, accurately regulated by Mr. Rittenhouse, is now provided and delivered me for this Purpose, and that a due Attendance will be given for regulating and sealing Measures at my House on the Bank, in Front-street, opposite Joseph Turner, Esquire's, according to the said Standard.

NATHANIEL ALLEN.

DOCTOR BAINBRIDGE,

IS just settled in Downing's-town, and may be consulted at his Medicinal Ware-house, in any Case of Physic or Surgery; those who may please to apply, may be assured they never will be encouraged in any Disorder but where there is a Probability of Success; the Doctor omits saying any thing of his Abilities in Practice, for the many surprising Cures that, under God, have been performed by him, both in Physic and Surgery, speak more powerfully than any Thing that can be here inserted; the Doctor affirms that he can cure all Kinds of Cancers, both occult, manifest and ulcerated; the Cure of this Disorder has been long sought after by a Number of Physicians, but I believe a sovereign Remedy has never yet been discovered, without Expectation; this is undoubtedly a very valuable Discovery, and will be the Means of preserving a great many of his Majesty's Subjects.

N. B. The Doctor likewise cures the Consumption of the Lungs, in the first Stages of the Disorder; he purposes inoculating as low as possible, and hopes by his Assiduity, Care and moderate Charges, to merit what he most regards, the Love and Esteem of the Public.

To be SOLD on very moderate Terms, and may be entered on immediately.

A PLANTATION, situate in Missillon Hundred, Kent County, on Delaware, containing 233 Acres, one Half good Grass-ground, with two Dwelling-houses, near half a Mile apart, which might suit Purchasers in Partnership; it is surrounded by good Neighbours, and affords an excellent Range or Outlet for Cattle, Swine, &c. pleasantly seated on the main Road, leading from all the Landings on Murderkill and Missillon Creeks, to Mulberry Hope-Briggs, and is not a bad Stand for public Business; the Soil is good and clayey, about 16 Acres of beautiful Meadow-ground near the new Mill House Deer, known by the Name of Round-Pond, which can be kept dry at Pleasure. The Title is indisputable. Much more might be said in its Favour. Those inclinable to purchase, may know the Terms, by applying to ROBERT FINNEY, in Newport, or by repairing to the Premises, on Thursday, the 23d Instant, where Attendance will be given, precisely at Ten o'Clock, by said FINNEY, and WILLIAM ROADS, Esquire.

* If not sold on said Day, it will be let on good Terms.

TO BE SOLD,

THE Proprietary Lands near Carlisle, lately divided into Plantations. Those who are inclined to purchase, may treat with Col. ARMSTRONG, at Carlisle, who will receive Proposals, and transmit them to the Agents at Philadelphia. One Third of the Purchase Money will be expected to be paid down, and the Residue, with Interest, in 18 Months. The Quitrent an Half-penny Sterling per acre. JAMES TILGHMAN, Philad. March 12, 1775. Secretary of the Land-Office.

TO BE SOLD,

SEVERAL valuable Tracts of LAND, situate on and near the Yohiogene river, in the county of Westmoreland, and province of Pennsylvania, a few miles above Stewart's Crossings, and about six miles north of the Maryland Line, viz.

No. 1. Three hundred and six acres, and allowance, on the southerly side of Indian Creek, or Salt Lick Creek, adjoining to Prior Theobald's land, including the Indian Fort. There is a good mill-seat on this tract; and about 30 acres of excellent meadow bottom; the upland wooded with ash, oak and hickory, and is rich wheat land.

No. 3. Three hundred and two acres, and allowance, situate a little higher upon the aforesaid Indian Creek, or Salt Lick Creek.

No. 4. Three hundred and two acres, and allowance, adjoining No. 3, on the southerly side. These two last mentioned tracts (No. 3 and No. 4) are very rich level black oak land, and are well watered by several good springs and runs, which empty into Indian Creek, or Salt Lick Creek, and by the creek itself, which runs through the whole length of No. 3. They have also a large proportion of meadow ground.

No. 5. Three hundred and fourteen and a half acres, and allowance, adjoining the north side of the river Yohiogene, at the mouth of Indian Creek, or Salt Lick Creek, and nearly adjoining to No. 1. This tract is rich level land, wooded with black oak, hickory and ash, well watered with good springs, and has about 10 or 12 acres of meadow bottom.

No. 8. Two hundred and ninety-five and one quarter acres, and allowance, adjoining Annanah Davis's land, on the southerly side. This tract lies on the northerly side of the Yohiogene river, about four and a half miles from Stewart's Crossings. It is very rich walnut land, but somewhat hilly.

No. 9. Three hundred and two acres, and allowance, adjoining the southwest corner of No. 4. In this tract is a considerable quantity of meadow bottom. The upland is rich level black oak land, very well watered.

No. 10. Three hundred and nine and one quarter acres, and allowance, nearly adjoining to No. 5, on the south, and much the same in quality.

No. 1, 3, 4, 5, 9 and 10, are about 12 miles above Stewart's Crossings. They are a parcel of good lands, and will be either sold all together, or separately, as may best suit the purchasers. They are all patented, and the quitrents paid up to the present year, free from all disputes. There is water carriage from them, in large canoes, to Fort-Pitt, and from thence down the Ohio and Mississippi rivers to the sea, by which means flour, &c. may be transported at a small expence to New-Orleans, &c. There is also a good road now opening through part of these lands, from Maryland and Virginia to Pittsburgh. PROVIDENCE MOUNTS, Esq; who lives near these lands, will show them, and be empowered to make sale thereof; or any persons inclining to purchase may apply in person, or by letter, to

JOSEPH BULLOCK, or GEORGE MORGAN, Merchants, in Philadelphia.

N. B. The Payments will be made easy.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in the township of Evesham, and county of Burlington, the 12th of this instant March, an English servant man, named John Brixey, about 20 years of age, slim built, and about five feet high, of a fair complexion, black hair, and stoops in his walk: Had on, when he went away, a new felt hat, a light mixt coloured broadcloth coat, with a small cape cut in the fashion, almost new, a nankeen vest and breeches, not half worn, a check shirt, and white neckcloth, buff and grey yarn stockings, and neat leather shoes, with brass buckles, also brass knee-buckles, and took with him a pair of worsted stockings, mixed with white and brown: He was seen crossing Cooper's Ferry yesterday: He had about Five Pounds in money with him. Whoever takes him up, and secures him in any of his Majesty's goals, so that his master may have him again, shall have the above reward, paid by

FRANCIS DUDLY.

N. B. All masters of vessels, and others, are forbid taking him off at their peril.

FOUR POUNDS Reward.

RUN from the subscriber, living in Durham, Bucks county, in Pennsylvania, on the 5th day of March inst. two Scotch Irish servant men, brothers, named ROBERT and JOHN KEER; Robert, the eldest, is about 24 or 25 years of age, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, of a dark complexion, has black straight hair, black eyes, and slow in speech; a carpenter by trade, and understands sawing with the whip-saw; had on, when he went away, a light coloured cloth coat and jacket, with silver plated buttons, black silk handkerchief, an old pair of corduroy breeches, mixed black and white stockings, a pair of old shoes, with silver plated shoe buckles, and a flax and tow shirt, patched. John is about 22 or 23 years of age, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, has brown hair, dark complexion, grey eyes, and walks straight; had on a dark cloth tuppel coat, trimmed with gilt buttons, felt hat, and generally wears a check handkerchief round his neck, an old pair of patched cloth breeches, of a grey colour, his stockings are a mixture of black and white, good shoes, with a pair of silver plated buckles in them. The said Robert has a stiff walk. Whoever secures said servants in any goal, so that they can be got by their master, shall have the above reward, or Forty Shillings for either of them, and reasonable charges, paid by

JAMES MORGAN.

N. B. They have a pass from James Allen, Esq; to go to Bucks county, which it is thought they will make use of in their travelling.

STRAYED, the 10th inst. from the owner's stable, a bright bay HORSE, 14 hands high, without any white except a little round the boots of three of his feet, just to be perceived, no brand or mark, trots in a chaise, for which he hath been much used, but inclines to pace under a saddle, carries his head low, and is rather low before, his mane a little worn by the collar, otherwise long and thick, lately shod before with new shoes, and hind shoes newly removed, about six or seven years old, and full in flesh when he went away. Whoever takes up said horse, and brings him to the subscriber, living in Union-street, Philadelphia, shall have Ten Shillings if within 10 miles of said city, and Twenty Shillings, if further distant.

DAVID EVANS.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Newtown, Gloucester county, W. P. New-Jersey, an indentured servant man, named ISAAC LEWIS, about 24 years of age, 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, long visage, grey eyes, dark brown hair, slender built, pitted with the small-pox, has remarkable thick ankles and round shins, very talkative about horses, as he professes himself a groom; he lived till of age with John Lams, on the Western Shore, in Maryland, who is remarkable for keeping good running horses, and afterwards with Archibald Dick, at Marcus Hook; had on, when he went away, an old fine shirt, three pair of stockings, one of which white yarn, the others worsted, a pair of shoes, a pair of grey buckskin breeches, and a pair of white fusian duds, a new blue jacket, with white metal buttons, a superfine coating coat, lately turned, with buff buttons, and bound, a coarse eating furrow, 8 lb light grey, and a half worn 30s. hat. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so as his master may have him again, shall have FIVE POUNDS reward, paid by

MARMADUXE COOPER.

N. B. He ran away on the 24th of January last, and has near three years to serve.

Advertisements omitted this Week will be in our next.

LAST Sabbath the peace of the town was disturbed by the coming of a regiment of the King's troops, the particulars relative to which are as follow.—A transport arrived at Marblehead, apparently manned as usual. Between two and three o'clock (as soon as the people had gone to meeting) the decks were covered with soldiers, who having loaded, and fixed their bayonets, landed with great dispatch, and instantly marched off; some of the inhabitants suspecting they were bound to Salem, to seize some materials there preparing for an artillery, dispatched several messengers to inform us of it. These materials were on the North side of the North river, and to come at them it was necessary to cross a bridge, one part of which was made to draw up to let vessels pass. The inhabitants kept a look out for the appearance of the troops. The van guard arrived, and took their rout down town as far as the Long wharf; perhaps to decoy the inhabitants thither, away from the place to which the main body was destined. The main body arrived soon after, and halted a few minutes by the Town-House. It is said enquiry was immediately made by some of the officers, for a half-brother of Col. Browne, the mandamus Counsellor. Be this as it may, he was soon whispering in the Colonel's ear, in the front of the regiment, and when he parted from the Col. the regiment marched with a quick pace towards the North bridge; just before their entering upon which the bridge was pulled up. The regiment however pushed on till they came to the bridge, not observing (as it seemed) that it was drawn up. The Col. expressed some surprize; and turning about, ordered an officer to face his company to a body of men standing on the wharf on the other side the drawbridge, and to fire. One of our townsmen (who had kept alongside the Col. from the time he marched from his own house) told him he had better not fire, that he had no right to fire without further orders, and if you do fire (said he) you will be all dead men. The company neither faced nor fired. The Colonel retired to the center of his regiment, assembled his officers, and held a consultation; which being ended he advanced a little, and declared he would maintain his ground, and go over the bridge if it was a month first. The same townsmen replied, he might stay there as long as he pleased, no one cared for that. The half-brother before mentioned (it is said) made towards the bridge, but seeing the draw-bridge up said, "It is all over with us." He has since disappeared. Mean while two large gondolas that lay aground (for it was low water) were scuttled, lest they should cross the channel in them. But whilst one gentleman with his assistants was scuttling his own gondola, a party of about twenty soldiers jumped into it, and with their bayonets charged against our unarmed townsmen (some of whom they pricked) compelled them to quit it; but before this a sufficient hole was made in the bottom. This attack of the soldiers, and some other occurrences, occasioned a little bickering, but by the interposition of some of the inhabitants, the disputes subsided. At length some gentlemen asked the Colonel what was his design in making this movement, and why he would cross the bridge? He said I have orders to cross it, and he would cross it if he lost his life with the lives of all his men. And asked why the King's highway was obstructed? He was told, it was not the King's road, but the property of the inhabitants, who had a right to do what they pleased with it. Finally the Col. said he must go over; and if the bridge was let down so as he might pass, he pledged his honour he would not march above thirty rods beyond it, and then immediately return.

The regiment had now been at the bridge about an hour and an half; and every thing being secured, the inhabitants directed the bridge might be let down. The regiment immediately passed over, marched a few rods, returned, and with great expedition went back to Marblehead, where they went on board the transport without delay. When all the circumstances are considered, there can remain no doubt that the sole purpose of this manoeuvre was to steal away the artillery materials.

It is regretted that an officer of Col. Leslie's acknowledged worth, should be obliged, in obedience to his orders, to come upon so pitiful an errand. Various reports were spread abroad respecting the troops; the country was alarmed, and one company arrived in arms from Danvers, just as the troops left the town. We immediately dispatched messengers to the neighbouring towns, to save them the trouble of coming in; but the alarm flew like lightning (and fame, doubtless, magnified the first simple reports) so that great numbers were in arms, and some on their march before our messengers arrived.

NEW-YORK, March 2.

We hear from Perth-Amboy in New-Jersey, that a certain Thomas Carman was a few days ago committed to the common goal of that city, on an action for propagating a most false, slanderous and improbable report of a certain Gentleman in high office in that province; which report the said Carman confessed, upon his apprehension, that he knew to be false when he first published it.

A free Mulattoe fellow, named Nathaniel Chase, is also committed to the goal of Somerset county, in the said province, for being concerned with the said Carman, in the invention of the same wicked, absurd and ridiculous story.

March 9. Capt. Thomas Cunningham, of the schooner Hope, lately from Cape Nichola Mole, informs, that being in distress, having lost his main and both topmasts, his boat, one man, and every thing off the deck, on the 13th of December last, he put into that place, when there were then lying above 70 sail of English vessels from the different British Colonies, none of which would give him the least assistance, because he belonged to New-York, which they all considered as having deserted the public cause, in not adopting the measures recommended by the Congress. That in this distress he lay 14 days without a boat or any assistance, till 2 Captains of vessels belonging to New-London, from personal acquaintance, generously gave him the necessary relief, but often expressed the highest resentment against New-York, for deserting the other Colonies in the common cause. Capt. Cunningham farther says, that though there were many boats to be sold among the vessels, he could by no means procure one of them, though in the greatest want; and several vessels which were intended for New-York, thro' resentment had altered their voyage.

On Friday evening last a number of persons, who disapproved of the proposal made by the Committee for this city and county, in their advertisement published in our last, met at the house of the widow De La Montaigne, and after choosing Mr. John Thurman, Chairman, proposed attempting to get the business intended for last Monday (viz. the choice of persons to meet the deputies from

the counties, for the purpose of choosing Delegates for the next Congress) postponed until the 20th of April; and published a hand-bill, desiring those who were of their sentiments, to meet them there on Monday the 6th instant, at ten o'clock, and proceed from thence to the Exchange.—A number of the friends of constitutional liberty, hearing of this manoeuvre, and apprehending a scheme was on foot to defeat the design of sending Delegates to the Congress, met on the next evening, and determined to support the Committee, of whose virtue and patriotism we have had ample experience. At the close of the meeting, a gentleman having informed the company, that the owners of the ship Beulah (some time since arrived from London) had not performed their promise of sending her back, and that therefore the Committee's boat had left her,—about 300 citizens unanimously determined to wait upon the owners, to know why the Beulah had not sailed, and required the Captain's repairing immediately on board his ship, then lying at the Watering Place, in order to her departure with the first fair wind.—This service was effectually performed, and next day the vessel fell down to the Hook, from whence she put to sea on Tuesday last.

Early on Monday morning preparations were made for the meeting at the Exchange: A union flag, with a red field, was hoisted on the Liberty-pole, where, at nine o'clock, the friends of freedom assembled, and having got in proper readiness, about eleven o'clock the body began their march to the Exchange. They were attended by music, and two standard-bearers carried a large union flag with a blue field, on which were the following inscriptions: On one side, *GEORGE III. Rex, and the Liberties of AMERICA. No Popery.* On the other, *The Union of the COLONIES, and the Measures of the CONGRESS.* Some time after they had arrived at the Exchange, came also the other company who had met at the widow De La Montaigne's, among whom were some officers of the army and navy, several of his Majesty's Council, and those members of the House of Representatives who had refused taking into consideration the proceedings of the Congress, together with Officers of the Customs, and other dependents on the Court, &c. Soon after the parties met, some confusion arose, but subsided without any bad consequences.—The Chairman of the Committee then proceeded to explain the design of the meeting; after which he proposed the following questions, viz.

First Question. Whether a certain number of persons shall be appointed, and authorized to meet such deputies as the counties may elect, and join with them for the sole purpose of appointing, out of their body, on the 20th of April next, Delegates for the next Congress?

Second Question. Whether this meeting will authorize the Committee to nominate eleven deputies for their approbation? Both which were carried in the affirmative. The meeting, and the majority which determined the questions, are supposed to have been the most numerous and respectable ever known in this City, on the decision of any public proposal.

The business of the day being finished, the friends of freedom paraded through one of the principal streets of the city to the Liberty Pole, and there dispersed, in the most quiet and orderly manner.

TO THE PUBLIC.



THE STAGE some time ago established, between the city of Philadelphia and Baltimore-Town, by the way of New-Castle and Charlestown, is and shall be continued, and the greatest care, regularity and punctuality, will be observed by the proprietors. JOSEPH TATLOW'S Stage Boat sets off from the Crooked-billet wharf, in Philadelphia every Thursday; PATRICK HAMILTON'S Stage Wagon leaves New-Castle every Friday morning, and always arrives at Charlestown on the evening of said day, and the said Hamilton's Stage Boat sets off from Charlestown every Saturday, and frequently (if not always) arrives at Baltimore the said day, or early on Sunday; the Stage Boat returns from the county wharf in Baltimore-Town every Tuesday.—Every Thursday the Stage Wagon leaves Charlestown, and every Friday the Stage Boat leaves New-Castle. Our wagons are covered with oil-cloth, with curtains and hanging seats, extremely easy and convenient for passengers.—When the conveniences of this Stage, and the distance by land and water, are considered, we presume the judicious will be of opinion, that it is more eligible than any Stage hitherto erected between Philadelphia and Baltimore-Town, as we can perform it from Philadelphia to New-Castle, a tide sooner than the other Stages, so that passengers are very seldom a night on the water; the whole expence of a passenger is only Eleven Shillings, luggage in proportion. March 11, 1775. 11 3 m.

TEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from Mount Royal Forge, near Baltimore Town, two convict servant men, viz. Thomas Rogers, born in England, and speaks in that dialect; he is about 30 years of age, a luffy well made fellow, about 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, pitted with the small-pox, and has a remarkable large scar on his throat; bad on, when he went away, an old felt hat, old oxenbrigs shirt, white twill'd frize jacket and breeches, trimmed with metal buttons, old blue great coat, much too short for him, coarse speckled yarn stockings, old shoes and buckles; wears short black hair, and had a large double riveted iron collar on. Robert Collins, a well set fellow, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, born in England, and speaks in that dialect, pitted with the small-pox, has a red beard, wears short sandy hair, can write a tolerable good hand; bad on, and took with him, an old felt hat, cotton jacket and breeches, two oxenbrigs shirts, one check ditto, coarse yarn stockings, country shoes with large nails in the heels, and had an iron collar about his neck; but it is probable they will both change their dress, as it is thought they have Three or Four Pounds in cash with them. Whoever secures said servants, so that they may be had again, shall have, if taken in the county, Fifty Shillings for each or either of them, and if out of the province Five Pounds for each or either of them, and reasonable charges, if brought home, paid by March 3, 1775. 11 6 w. JAMES FRANKLIN.

Cumberland County, March 4, 1775.

WHEREAS the subscribers, on the 3d day of January last, did execute and deliver unto James M'Call, of Shippenburg, tavern-keeper, three several obligations, one for Six Pounds Ten Shillings, lawful money of Pennsylvania, payable the first day of April next, on which a receipt is indorsed for about Twenty-three Shillings and Six-pence in part; another for Forty Pounds, like money, payable the first day of April, 1776, and the other for Thirty-eight Pounds and Ten Shillings, payable some time in the year 1778, but the day not remembered.—It is probable one of the said obligations may be made payable to Hugh M'Gill, of Jack's Creek, a branch of the river Juniata, or assigned to him by James M'Call, as they are partners in land-jobbing. These are to forbid any person whatever to take an assignment of said obligations, or any of them, either from the said James or Hugh, for the subscribers will not pay them, nor any of them, as they have not received any value for them, but have been greatly imposed on, DAVID MITCHELL, ROBERT MITCHELL.

March 5, 1775.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

WAS stolen out of the stable of the subscriber, living in West-Marlbrough, in Chester county, last night, a black HORSE, about 14 hands high, he is thick and round bodied, and well proportioned, about 13 years old, with a long star in his face, and a snip on his upper lip, and some white on his under lip; his hind feet are both white, one above his fet-lock, a natural trotter, and carries himself well. Also stolen the same night, out of the subscriber's house, a snaffle bridle, and an old leather man's saddle, without housing or saddle-cloth. Whoever takes up and secures said horse and thief, shall have the above reward, and for the horse only Forty Shillings, when delivered to the subscriber. JEREMIAH BARNERD.

To be SOLD by public VENDUE, at the London Coffee-house, on the 15th day of the Third-Month (called March) at six o'clock in the afternoon,

A SMALL brick messuage or tenement, and tract or piece of Land (late part of the estate of William Bettie, tanner, deceased) about 3 miles distant from the city, situate on Turner's Lane, in the Northern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia, and on another Lane lately laid out 33 feet wide, containing 2 acres and 76 perches, strict measure, whereon is a young orchard, a well of choice water by the door, and sundry other improvements. The above described premises are very suitable for a Gentleman's country seat. Any person inclining to purchase the same, may have credit for the greatest part of the purchase-money, giving satisfactory security, and paying interest. For further particulars, apply to SARAH BETTIE, Executrix, SAMUEL BETTIE, and JOSEPH HOWELL, Executors.

To be SOLD by way of public VENDUE,

on the premises, the 21st day of March instant, by the Subscribers, Executors of the last will and testament of Bernard Refer, deceased, and may be entered upon immediately,

A CERTAIN stone messuage or dwelling-house, and tract or piece of land thereunto belonging, situate on both sides of the upper York road, in Bristol township, in the county of Philadelphia, containing upwards of 20 acres; bounded by land of Benjamin Armitage, Dr. Benneville, Nathan Thomas, and others; about one third part thereof is good watered meadow and about one third good woodland; there is on the premises a good stone barn, about 39 feet by 20, with convenient stabling under the same, a stone spring-house and good bearing orchard; the situation is pleasant and healthy; those who may incline to view the same, may apply to the Subscribers, in Germantown, or Joseph North, on the same, or William Wilson, near the premises, or to John Refer, in Philadelphia. JOHN JONES, THOMAS ROSE.

The vendue to begin at one o'clock.

Tredyffrin township, Chester county, February 21, 1775.

To be SOLD by public VENDUE, on the 20th day of March next, on the premises,

A CERTAIN messuage, tenement, and tract of LAND, containing 34 acres, situate on Lancaster road, 16 miles from Philadelphia; there are on said premises, a good dwelling-house, barn, and spring-house on a never-failing spring, and also a weaver's shop and a skinner's shop, a smoke-house, and other conveniences for carrying on the skinning business, likewise a good orchard of the best grafted fruit, three acres of meadow and more may be made, about twenty acres of cleared land, and the rest well timbered. At the same time and place will be sold, horses and cattle, household goods, a wagon and gears, and sundry other farming utensils. The conditions will be made known on the day of sale; the title is indisputable. Any person inclining to purchase the same may know the terms, by applying to the subscriber, living on the premises. JOHN BAHER.

To be SOLD by public VENDUE, on Wednesday, the 15th of March instant, at six o'clock in the afternoon, at the London Coffee-house,

THE real Estate of FREDERICK RHOR, late of the City of Philadelphia, Whitesmith, deceased, being

1. A frame house or tenement, kitchen and lot of ground, situate on the west side of the Second-street from Delaware, in the said city, containing in breadth on the said street 17 feet, and in depth 150 feet; bounded southward by the Kes Lyon Tavern, and northward by the lot next after described; subject to yearly groundrent of 3 l. Pennsylvania currency, with the privilege of a three feet alley on the south side of the house.

2. A lot, next adjoining the former, 17 feet by 150 feet, with a frame smith's shop in the front, and a frame dwelling-house at a distance back thereof; this lot is not subject to any groundrent.—On the line of the second lot is a pump and well, the right of which will be conveyed in moieties to the purchasers.

3. A garden and lot of ground in the Northern Liberties, on the south side of Coates's-street, between Second and Third-streets continued, containing in breadth on the said Coates's-street 54 feet 8 inches, and in depth 68 feet; bounded eastward by a 40 feet wide alley, southward by ground late of Jacob Chrysler, deceased, and westward by Dieterick Rees's ground; which said lot, at the sale, will be put up in three different allotments of 18 feet 2 1/2 inches; the whole clear of groundrent, with the half of a pump or well on said Coates's-street, held in common with said Dieterick Rees.

4. A certain yearly groundrent of 2 l. 14 s. charged on and issuing out of the said Dieterick Rees's adjoining lot, which contains on the said Coates's-street 36 feet, and is of the depth of 68 feet.

Any person inclining to purchase both contiguous lots on Second-street together, or the lots on Coates's-street, may agree at any time before the vendue, by applying to the subscriber. One third of the purchase-money to be paid immediately, and for the remaining two thirds the purchaser may have a reasonable time allowed, upon giving good security for the payment thereof, with interest. No possession to be taken before the deeds are signed. 11 7 6. JOHN RHOR.

Second-Month 3, 1775.

ON the third day of the week, and 21st day of Third-Month (March) next, will be sold by way of public VENDUE, at the house of Morton Morton, Inn-keeper, at Christiansa ferry, a pair of working oxen, cart, plough, harrow, and sundry farming utensils, a valuable breeding mare, a yearling colt, milch cows and young cattle. Also, at the same time and place, will be sold, by virtue of an order of the Orphan's Court for New-Castle county, a lot or piece of marsh meadow, situate on the south side of Christiansa river, about a mile and a half above Wilmington, adjoining marsh of Jacob Coleberry, Robert Bryan, and the said river; the marsh is under good bank, and mostly improved, contains 70 acres, and might answer well for grazing, being late the estate of Jonathan Norton, of Wilmington, grazier, deceased. Any person inclining to purchase the marsh, may view the same before the day of sale, and be informed of the title, and see the draught thereof, by applying to John Stapler, Esq; in Wilmington. The sale to begin at two o'clock in the afternoon; at which time and place attendance will be given, and the conditions of sale made known, by WILLIAM NORTON, and JOHN HAWORTH, Administrators.

N. B. All those who have any demands against the said deceased, are desired to produce the same that day. 11 4 W.

TO BE SOLD,

THE time of a SERVANT GIRL, who is about 13 years of age, has 4 years and 9 months to serve, is small for the family she lives in, which is the reason of her being sold. Enquire of the PRINTERS.